



THE FORT ST. GEORGE GAZETTE

EXTRAORDINARY

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MADRAS, TUESDAY, JANUARY 15, 1932.

[PART, 1, 5555,

PUBLIC DEPARTMENT. (General.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

FORT ST. GEORGE, JANUARY 15, 1932.

No. 64.—Whereas the body known as the Nilgiris District Congress Committee has appointed a "dictator" to direct and manage activities in furtherance of the civil disobedience movement and whereas in the opinion of the Local Government the said body and the said "dictator" together with the persons commonly known as "satyagrahis" or "volunteers" operating in the district of Nilgiris in furtherance of the civil disobedience movement under the general direction and management of the said body or of the said "dictator" constitute together an association which is interfering and has for its object interference with the administration of the law and with the maintenance of law and order and constitutes a danger to the public peace, the Local Government hereby declare under section 16 of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1908 (XIV of 1908) as amended by the Devolution Act, 1920 (XXXVIII of 1920) the said Nilgiris District Congress Committee, the said "dictator" and the said persons to be an unlawful association within the meaning of Part II of the said Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act.

No. 65.—Whereas the body known as the Kaveri Taluk Congress Committee

has appointed a "dictator" to direct and manage activities in furtherance of the civil disobedience movement and whereas in the opinion of the Local Government the said body and the said "dictator" together with the persons commonly known as "satyagrahis" or "volunteers" operating in the district of West Godavari in furtherance of the civil disobedience movement under the general direction and management of the said body or of the said "dictator" constitute together an association which is interfering and has for its object interference with the administration of the law and with the maintenance of law and order and constitutes a danger to the public peace, the Local Government hereby declare under section 16 of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1908 (XIV of 1908), as amended by the Devolution Act, 1920 (XXXVIII of 1920), the said Kaveri Taluk Congress Committee, the said "dictator" and the said persons to be an unlawful association within the meaning of Part II of the said Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act.

No. 66.—Whereas in the opinion of the Local Government the body called the Tanuku Taluk Congress Committee and the persons commonly known as "satyagrahis" or "volunteers" operating in the district of West Godavari in furtherance of the civil disobedience movement under the general direction and management of the said Tanuku Taluk Congress Committee constitute

together an association which is interfering and has for its object interference with the administration of the law and with the maintenance of law and order and constitutes a danger to the public peace, the Local Government hereby declares under section 15 of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act (Act XIV of 1908), as amended by the Devolution Act, 1920 (XXXVIII of 1920), the said Tanaka Taluk Congress Committee and the said persons to be an unlawful association within the meaning of Part II of the said Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act.

No. 67.—Whereas the body known as the Pollochi Taluk Congress Committee has appointed a "dictator" to direct and manage activities in furtherance of the civil disobedience movement and whereas in the opinion of the Local Government the said body and the said "dictator" together with the persons commonly known as "satyagrahis" or "volunteers" operating in the district of Coimbatore in furtherance of the civil disobedience movement under the general direction and management of the said body or of the said "dictator" constitute together an association which is interfering and has for its object interference with the administration of the law and with the maintenance of law and order and constitutes a danger to the public peace, the Local Government hereby declares under section 15 of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1908 (XIV of 1908), as amended by the Devolution Act, 1920 (XXXVIII of 1920), the said Pollochi Taluk Congress Committee, the said "dictator" and the said persons to be an unlawful association within the meaning of Part II of the said Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act.

No. 68.—Whereas the body known as the Katpadi Congress Committee has appointed a "dictator" to direct and manage activities in furtherance of the civil disobedience movement and whereas in the opinion of the Local Government the said body and the said "dictator" together with the persons commonly known as "satyagrahis" or "volunteers" operating in the district of North Arcot in furtherance of the civil disobedience movement under the general direction and management of the said body or of the said "dictator" constitute together an association which is interfering and has for its object interference with the

administration of the law and with the maintenance of law and order and constitutes a danger to the public peace, the Local Government hereby declares under section 15 of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1908 (XIV of 1908), as amended by the Devolution Act, 1920 (XXXVIII of 1920), the said Katpadi Congress Committee, the said "dictator" and the said persons to be an unlawful association within the meaning of Part II of the said Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act.

No. 69.—Whereas the body known as the Vellure Taluk Congress Committee has appointed a "dictator" to direct and manage activities in furtherance of the civil disobedience movement and whereas in the opinion of the Local Government the said body and the said "dictator" together with the persons commonly known as "satyagrahis" or "volunteers" operating in the district of North Arcot in furtherance of the civil disobedience movement under the general direction and management of the said body or of the said "dictator" constitute together an association which is interfering and has for its object interference with the administration of the law and with the maintenance of law and order and constitutes a danger to the public peace, the Local Government hereby declares under section 15 of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1908 (XIV of 1908), as amended by the Devolution Act, 1920 (XXXVIII of 1920), the said Vellure Taluk Congress Committee, the said "dictator" and the said persons to be an unlawful association within the meaning of Part II of the said Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act.

No. 70.—Whereas the body known as the South Arcot District Congress Committee has appointed a "dictator" to direct and manage activities in furtherance of the civil disobedience movement and whereas in the opinion of the Local Government the said body and the said "dictator" together with the persons commonly known as "satyagrahis" or "volunteers" operating in the district of South Arcot in furtherance of the civil disobedience movement under the general direction and management of the said body or of the said "dictator" constitute together an association which is interfering and has for its object interference with the administration of the law and with the maintenance of law and order

and constitutes a danger to the public peace, the Local Government hereby declares under section 16 of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1908 (XIV of 1908), as amended by the Devolution Act, 1929 (XXXVIII of 1929), the said South Arcot District Congress Committee, the said "dictator" and the said persons to be an unlawful association within the meaning of Part II of the said Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act.

No. 71.—Whereas the body known as the South Tanjore District Congress Committee has appointed a "dictator" to direct and manage activities in furtherance of the civil disobedience movement and whereas in the opinion of the Local Government the said body and the said "dictator" together with the persons commonly known as "satyagrahis" or "volunteers" operating in the district of Tanjore in furtherance of the civil disobedience movement under the general direction and management of the said body or of the said "dictator" constitute together an association which is interfering and has for its object interference with the administration of the law and with the maintenance of law and order and constitutes a danger to the public peace, the Local Government hereby declares under section 16 of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1908 (XIV of 1908), as amended by the Devolution Act, 1929 (XXXVIII of 1929), the said South Tanjore District Congress Committee, the said "dictator" and the said persons to be an unlawful association within the meaning of Part II of the said Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act.

No. 72.—Whereas the body known as the Villuor Baycott Committee has appointed a "dictator" to direct and manage activities in furtherance of the civil disobedience movement and whereas in the opinion of the Local Government the said body and the said "dictator" together with the persons commonly known as "satyagrahis" or "volunteers" operating in the district of North Arcot in furtherance of the civil disobedience movement under the general direction and management of the said body or of the said "dictator" constitute together an association which is interfering and has for its object interference with the administration of the law and with the maintenance of law and order and constitutes a danger to the public peace, the Local Government hereby declares under section 16 of the Indian Criminal

Law Amendment Act, 1908 (XIV of 1908), as amended by the Devolution Act, 1929 (XXXVIII of 1929), the said Villuor Baycott Committee, the said "dictator" and the said persons to be an unlawful association within the meaning of Part II of the said Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act.

No. 73.—Whereas the body known as the Godyyattam Taluk Congress Committee has appointed a "dictator" to direct and manage activities in furtherance of the civil disobedience movement and whereas in the opinion of the Local Government the said body and the said "dictator" together with the persons commonly known as "satyagrahis" or "volunteers" operating in the district of North Arcot in furtherance of the civil disobedience movement under the general direction and management of the said body or of the said "dictator" constitute together an association which is interfering and has for its object interference with the administration of the law and with the maintenance of law and order and constitutes a danger to the public peace, the Local Government hereby declares under section 16 of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1908 (XIV of 1908), as amended by the Devolution Act, 1929 (XXXVIII of 1929), the said Godyyattam Taluk Congress Committee, the said "dictator" and the said persons to be an unlawful association within the meaning of Part II of the said Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act.

No. 74.—Whereas the body known as the Karar Taluk Congress Committee has appointed a "dictator" to direct and manage activities in furtherance of the civil disobedience movement and whereas in the opinion of the Local Government the said body and the said "dictator" together with the persons commonly known as "satyagrahis" or "volunteers" operating in the district of Trichinopoly in furtherance of the civil disobedience movement under the general direction and management of the said body or of the said "dictator" constitute together an association which is interfering and has for its object interference with the administration of the law and with the maintenance of law and order and constitutes a danger to the public peace, the Local Government hereby declares under section 16 of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1908 (XIV of 1908), as amended by the

Decadation Act, 1930 (XXXVIII of 1930), the said Karcac Taluk Congress Committee, the said "dictator" and the said persons to be an unlawful association within the meaning of Part II of the said Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act.

No. 75.—Whereas the body known as the Pindral District Congress Committee has appointed a "dictator" to direct and manage activities in furtherance of the civil disobedience movement and whereas in the opinion of the Local Government the said body and the said "dictator" together with the persons commonly known as "satyagrahis" or "volunteers" operating in the district of Madras in furtherance of the civil disobedience movement, under the general direction and management of the said body or of the said "dictator" constitute together an association which is interfering and has for its object interference with the administration of the law and with the maintenance of law and order and constitutes a danger to the public peace, the Local Government hereby declares under section 16 of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1908 (XIV of 1908), as amended by the Decadation Act, 1930 (XXXVIII of 1930), the said District Congress Committee, the said "dictator" and the said persons to be an unlawful association within the meaning of Part II of the said Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act.

No. 76.—Whereas in the opinion of the Local Government the place specified below is used for the purposes of the Madras Tamil District Congress Committee, which together with its "dictator" and "satyagrahis" or "volunteers" has been declared an unlawful association under section 16 of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1908 (XIV of 1908), the Local Government in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Unlawful Association Ordinance, 1932 (Ordinance No. IV of 1932), is hereby pleased to notify the said place for the purposes of the said Ordinance:—

"No. 107, Mannarwan, Kod Street, Royapet, Madras."

No. 77.—Whereas in the opinion of the Local Government the place specified below is used for the purposes of the Tamil Nadu Provincial Congress Committee and the Madras Tamil District Congress Committee, which together with

their "dictators" and "satyagrahis" or "volunteers" have been declared unlawful associations under section 16 of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1908 (XIV of 1908), the Local Government, in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Unlawful Association Ordinance, 1932 (Ordinance No. IV of 1932), is hereby pleased to notify the said place for the purposes of the said Ordinance:—

"Congress House, General Putter's Road, Madras."

No. 78.—Whereas in the opinion of the Local Government the place specified below is used for the purposes of the Coimbatore District Congress Committee, which together with its "dictator" and "satyagrahis" or "volunteers" has been declared an unlawful association under section 16 of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1908 (XIV of 1908), the Local Government in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Unlawful Association Ordinance, 1932 (Ordinance No. IV of 1932), is hereby pleased to notify the said place for the purposes of the said Ordinance:—

"The Congress Office, Big Bazaar Street, Coimbatore."

No. 79.—Whereas in the opinion of the Local Government the places specified below are used for the purposes of the East Godavari District Congress Committee, which together with its "dictator" and "satyagrahis" or "volunteers" has been declared an unlawful association under section 16 of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1908 (XIV of 1908), the Local Government in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Unlawful Association Ordinance, 1932 (Ordinance No. IV of 1932), is hereby pleased to notify the said places for the purposes of the said Ordinance:—

"(1) The Congress Office in the main road at Cocanada.

"(2) The Volunteer Training Camp situated in the garden of one Pyda Suryanarayanaiah on the Pichaparam road leading out of Cocanada."

No. 80.—Whereas in the opinion of the Local Government the place specified below is used for the purposes of

the East Kistna District Congress Committee, which together with its "dictator" and "satyagrahis" or "volunteers" has been declared an unlawful association under section 16 of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1908 (XIV of 1908), the Local Government in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Unlawful Association Ordinance, 1932 (Ordinance No. IV of 1932), is hereby pleased to notify the said place for the purposes of the said Ordinance:—

"The building rented by the said East Kistna District Congress Committee, House No. 9-31, Fort Road, Mangapetam."

No. 81.—Whereas in the opinion of the Local Government the places specified below are used for the purposes of the Vengalpetam District Congress Committee, which together with its "dictator" and "satyagrahis" or "volunteers" has been declared an unlawful association under section 16 of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1908 (XIV of 1908), the Local Government in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Unlawful Association Ordinance, 1932 (Ordinance No. IV of 1932), is

hereby pleased to notify the said places for the purposes of the said Ordinance:—

- "(1) The Prabhat Phani Sangham alias Sibiram, House No. 338, in front of the Victoria Gate and Ganga Hospital, Vengalpetam.
- "(2) The Akhila Bharata Charika Sangham alias Khadi Bander, House No. 63, Main Bazaar Road, Vengalpetam."

No. 82.—Whereas in the opinion of the Local Government the places specified below are used by the Hindustani Seva Dal volunteers in the district of Ganjam who have been declared an unlawful association under section 16 of the Indian Criminal Law Amendment Act, 1908 (XIV of 1908), the Local Government in exercise of the power conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Unlawful Association Ordinance, 1932 (Ordinance No. IV of 1932) is hereby pleased to notify the said places for the purposes of the said Ordinance:—

- "(1) Hindustani Seva Dal Ashram, Berhampur, Ganjam district."
- "(2) Hindustani Seva Dal Ashram, Parikinsedi, Ganjam district."

(By order of the Governor in Council)

G. T. H. BRACKEN,
Chief Secretary.